

Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union



WP2

Development of curricula

Lead Organisations of WP2: UNS - Serbia

Participating Organisation: UB;UNI; UBL; UNSA; INSZASUM; BOKU; UNSCM; UNIRC;FRI-BAS

Deliverable 2.4 Title : **Established new master programme Participating Organisation:** UB; UNS; UNI; UBL; UNSA

Project number: 598403-EPP-1-2018-1-RS-EPPKA2-CBHE-JP (2018 – 2579 / 001 – 001)

"This project has been funded with support from the European Commission. This publication reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein"





PROJECT INFO

Project title	Soil Erosion and Torrential Flood Prevention: Curriculum
	Development at the Universities of Western Balkan
	Countries
Project acronym	SETOF
Project reference number	598403-EPP-1-2018-1-RS-EPPKA2-CBHE-JP (2018-2579/001-001)
Coordinator	University of Belgrade
Project start date	November 15, 2018
Project duration	36 months

DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

Ref. No and Title of Activity	2.4 Established new master programme
Title of Deliverable:	Syllabi of the compulsory subjects
Institutions:	UNS, UB
Author/s of the deliverable	UB, UNS, UNI, UBL, UNSA
Status of the document:	final





Course title: Land and water degradation

Teacher/teachers: Miodrag Zlatić, Tatjana Golubović, Marijana Kapović Solomun, Katarina Lazarević

Course status: compulsory

Number of ECTS credits: 5

Requirement(s): /

Course objective: Acquiring knowledge about the basic types of land degradation, as well as the basic factors that cause degradation.

Course outcome: Students' ability and skills to understand the positive and negative impacts of anthropogenic factors on natural resources.

Course content:

Theoretical teaching

- · Basic factors of soil erosion by water and wind
- Analysis of basic natural characteristics of torrential basins.
- Anthropogenic factors of land degradation
- Socio-economic factors of erosion processes in Serbia
- Negative and positive effects of demographic development on natural resources
- Risks of living in endangered and potentially endangered areas, and opportunities for sustainable management of soil and water resources
- Perspectives of further demographic development/trends concerning natural resources

Practical teaching

Use of audio-visual methods for processing content related to the concept, causes, and types of degradation processes. Preparation of a seminar paper in the field of land degradation.

Literature:

- Kostadinov, S. (1996): Torrential flows and erosion, Faculty of Forestry, University of Belgrade, Belgrade (in Serbian)

- Zlatić, M. (2002): Socio-Economic Aspects of Degradation and Soil Management for Sustainability in Mountainous Regions; Key note paper: International Year of Mountains Conference: "Natural and Socio-Economic Effects of Erosion Control in Mountainous Regons, Proceedings, pp 497-516, Belgrade/Vrujci Spa.

- Zlatić M., Kostadinov S., Dragović N., Tomićević J., Todosijević M., Radovanović A., Đuričić Lj. (2005): Approach to soil and water conservation according to the WOCAT methodology, Faculty of Forestry, University of Belgrade, Belgrade (in Serbian)

- Zlatić M. (2010): *Socio-Economic Issues of Sustainable Land Management in Serbia*, Global Change Challenges for Soil Management, Editor: Zlatić, M., Advances in Geoecology, Volume 41, Catena Verlag, Reiskirchen.

Number of teaching hours (per week)	Theoretical classes: 3		Practical classes: 2	
Teaching methods: Lectures, auditory exercises, consultations				
Evaluation of knowledge (maximum score 100)				
Pre-exam obligations	points	Final exam		points
Activity during the lectures	10	oral exam		60
Activity during exercises	10			
colloquium	20			

Project number: 598403-EPP-1-2018-1-RS-EPPKA2-CBHE-JP (2018 – 2579 / 001 – 001)

[&]quot;This project has been funded with support from the European Commission. This publication reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein"





Course title: Integrated torrential basin management

The teacher/teachers: Muhamed Bajrić, Miodrag Zlatić, Ranka Erić

Course status: compulsory

Number of ECTS credits: 5

Requirement: /

Course objective: Preparing students to acquire the necessary theoretical and practical knowledge about sustainable management of torrents as natural resources, to be involved as future experts in the processes of creating practical policies related to resource management in general and torrent management in particular. Acquiring knowledge for integrated basin management for successful harmonization of development of agriculture, forestry, and water management on the principles of sustainability, i.e. preservation of natural resources from degradation, applying modern methods which are worldwide used.

Course outcome: Students' ability to identify and characterize multiple aspects of sustainable torrent management, analyze key drivers of management policy and the most important stressors to which torrents are exposed, and assess and apply methods to balance competing interests in managing these streams as natural resources. Acquired knowledge is necessary for integrated river basin management, i.e. for successful harmonization of the main economic branches - agriculture, forestry, and water management.

Course content: Concept and classification of natural resources (Resources: the meaning of the term, the historical development of resource theories, classification of resources. Natural resources - concept and classification. Parameters for the classification of natural resources. Potential of natural resources. Evaluation of natural resources. The efficiency of natural resources use. Management of natural resources (The concept of management in environmental protection.Natural resource management. The approach in natural resource management - exploitation approach; utilitarian approach; conservation approach; ecological approach.Decoupling.Integral management of natural resources). Principles and principles of natural resource management.

Development and definition of integrated natural resource management. The concept of integrated management. Strategies and techniques for implementing integrated natural resource management. Development and implementation of multilateral strategies and agreements. Approaches and concepts for integrated natural resource management. Ecosystem approach to sustainable management. DPSIR approach CBNRM approach - Community participation in natural resource management. Effects of integrated watershed management. Long-term environmental effects. Long-term economic effects. Cost-benefit analysis. Application of the concept of sustainable river basin management. European Water Framework Directive - river basin management plan. Consultations with the active participation of students, preparation of seminar paper, a critique of seminar paper between students.

Literature:

- Milutinović, S. (2020): Management of natural resources, Niš: Faculty of Occupational Safety (in Serbian) - Editor: Zlatić, M. (2010): *Global Change - Challenges for Soil Management*, Advances in Geoecology, Volume 41, Catena Verlag, Reiskirchen.

- Editors: Zlatić, M. and Kostadinov, S. (2014): *Challenges: Sustainable Land Management – Climate Change*, ADVANCES IN GEOECOLOGY 43, A Cooperating Series of the International Union of Soil Science (IUSS), ISBN 978-3-923381-61-6, US-ISBN 1-59326-265-5, CATENA VERLAG GMBH, Reiskirchen.

- Editors: Zlatić, M. and Kostadinov, S. (2018): *Soil and water resources protection in the changing environment*, Catena, Soil Science, Advanced in GeoEcology 45, ISBN 978-3-510-65418-5, US-ISBN 1-5932

Number of teaching hours (per week)	Theoretical classes: 3 Practical classes		Practical classes: 2		
Teaching methods: Lectures/consultations with the active participation of students, preparation of seminar					
paper, a critique of seminar paper between students					
Evaluation of knowledge (maximum score 100)					
Pre-exam obligations	points	Final exam		points	
Activity during the lectures	10	oral exam		50	
seminar paper	40				





Course title: Torrential flood prevention

The teacher/teachers: Ratko Ristić, Muhamed Bajrić, Dejan Vasović, Siniša Polovina, Ranka Erić

Course status: compulsory

Number of ECTS credits: 6

Requirement: /

Course objective:

Introduction to methods, facilities, and technologies for the regulation of torrents and torrential basins and protection against torrential floods.

Course outcome:

Acquired knowledge about methods, facilities, and technologies for regulating torrents and for torrential flood protection

Course content:

Theoretical teaching

Principles for the regulation of torrent flows and torrent basins. Systems for the regulation of torrent flows and torrent basins. Biological, biotechnical, and technical works. Methods and facilities for the regulation of torrents. Longitudinal and transversal objects. Static and hydraulic calculations for facilities for regulating torrents. Rehabilitation of ravines and landslide processes. Torrential flood protection. Basics for Ecological regulation of torrents.

Practical teaching

During the exercises and professional practice, students will make a study in the form of a project for the regulation of the torrent with all the necessary calculations and drawings. Within the subject, field classes will be held, according to the planned program.

Literature:

- Kostadinov, S. (2008): Torrential flows and erosion, part III: Regulation of torrential flows, Faculty of Forestry, Belgrade (in Serbian)

- Đeković, V. (1997): Designing for torrential flows regulation. Faculty of Forestry, Belgrade (in Serbian)

- Koboltschnig G. et al. (2012): *INTERPRAEVENT (International Research Society)*-2012. Proceedings, Vol. 1&Vol. 2 (ISBN: 978-3-901164-19-4), Grenoble, France. Pg. 1-1126.

Number of teaching hours (per week)	Theoretical classes: 2 Practical classes:		Practical classes: 3		
Teaching methods: Lectures, exercises, seminar paper, fieldwork					
Evaluation of knowledge (maximum score	100)				
Pre-exam obligations	points	Final exam		points	
Activity during the lectures	8	written exam	1	45	
practical teaching	13	oral exam		10	
colloquium	14				
Seminar paper	10				

Project number: 598403-EPP-1-2018-1-RS-EPPKA2-CBHE-JP (2018 – 2579 / 001 – 001)

"This project has been funded with support from the European Commission. This publication reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein"





Course title: Soil erosion protection

The teacher/teachers: Radovan Savić, Tijana Vulević, Siniša Polovina, Katarina Lazarević Course status: compulsory

Number of ECTS credits: 6

Doguinomont. /

Requirement: /

Course objective: Acquisition of knowledge about soil erosion, torrents, and torrential floods, as significant factors of land and water degradation and the environment.

Course outcome: Acquired knowledge about the processes of soil erosion (water and wind erosion), torrents, and torrential floods, as well as the hydrology of torrents (water flow and sediment transport).

Course content:

Theoretical teaching

Concept and classification of soil erosion. Mechanism of water and wind erosion. Basic factors of water and wind erosion. Processes and forms of water and wind erosion. Calculation of soil losses due to water and wind erosion. Hydrological cycle and water balance. Runoff process (runoff hydrograph, surface, subsurface and underground runoff), factors influencing runoff formation (climatic, physical-geographical, anthropogenic and vegetation cover influence), precipitation, infiltration, evaporation and transpiration and interception. Torrential flows and torrential basins. Analysis of natural characteristics of torrent basins and erosion areas. Hydrology of torrents. Sediment transport in torrents.

Practical teaching

Determining the basic factors of water and wind erosion. Calculation of soil losses due to water and wind erosion. Analysis of natural characteristics and parameters of torrent basins important for the genesis of soil erosion, water runoff and sediment transport. Calculation of maximum flow. Calculation of sediment transport in torrents.

Literature:

- Kostadinov S. (1996): Torrential flows and erosion. Faculty of Forestry, Belgrade (in Serbian)

- Ristić R., Maloševic D. (2011): Hydrology of torrents, Faculty of Forestry, Belgrade (in Serbian)

- Boardman J.; Poesen J. (2006): Soil Erosion in Europe. John Wiley&Sons, England.

- Harmon S.R, Doe W.W. (2001): *Landscape Erosion and Evolution Modelling*. Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers, NewYork.

- Imeson A. et al., (2006): SCAPE (Soil Conservation and Protection in Europe) - The way ahead (ISBN: 90-75312-06-7), Heiloo, Holland.

- Morgan, R.P.C. (1990): *Soil Erosion and Conservation*. Longman, Scientific&Technical, with JohnWiley&Sons, NewYork.

- El-Swaify W.C., Moldenhauer W.C., and Andrew Lo (1983): *Soil Erosion and Conservation*. Soil Erosion – Society of America. Ankeny, Iowa, USA

- Harmon R.S., and Doe III W.W. (2001): *Landscape Erosion and Evolution Modeling*. Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers/NewYork, Boston, Dordrecht, London, Moscow.

Number of teaching hours (per week)	Theoretical classes: 3 Practical classes:		Practical classes: 2			
Teaching methods: Lectures, exercises, seminar paper, fieldwork						
Evaluation of knowledge (maximum score 1	100)					
Pre-exam obligations	points	Final exam	points			
Activity during the lectures	8	written exam	45			
practical teaching	13	oral exam	10			
colloquium	14					
Seminar paper	10					





Study program: Soil erosion and torrential flood prevention					
Course title: STUDY RESEARCH WORK					
The teacher/teachers: Mentor					
Course status: compulsory					
Number of ECTS credits: 6					
Requirement: The student chooses a mentor in agreement with the head of the Master's st	and decides udy.	on a scientific	field following its affir	iities	
Course objective: Enabling students to find, a diploma (master) thesis in a specific area w	collect, proc	ess, and use the	e data they need when	preparing	
Course outcome: The student is trained for i of soil erosion protection and flood prevention	independent p on.	preparation of a	a diploma (master's) the	esis in the field	
Course content: The content of the course is master's program.	s directly rela	ted to the cour	ses selected within the		
The student works independently on collectin library on literature review, work in the comp	ng data releva outer laborato	ant to the resear ory on data coll	rch topic, which include ection, work in the lab	es: work in the oratory on	
experiments, fieldwork on data collection, ind data, as well as other ways of study and resea	dependent wo arch work.	ork on processi	ng and systematization	of collected	
The student prepares a study that contains a database of collected data (list of literature, copies of data, field notes, photographs, etc.).					
Literature:					
Number of teaching hours (per week)	Number of teaching hours (per week)Theoretical classes:Practical classes: 10				
Teaching methods:					
Evaluation of knowledge (maximum score 100)					
Pre-exam obligations	points	Final exam		points	
preparation of study work	40	Defense of s	tudy work	60	

Project number: 598403-EPP-1-2018-1-RS-EPPKA2-CBHE-JP (2018 - 2579 / 001 - 001)

[&]quot;This project has been funded with support from the European Commission. This publication reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein"





Study program: Soil erosion and torrential flood prevention					
Course title: PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE					
Teacher/teachers: teachers and associates in t	he study p	rogram			
Course status: compulsory					
Number of ECTS credits: 6					
Requirement: enrolled in the second semester	of study				
Course objective: Acquiring practical knowle	dge and sk	ills in the field o	of soil erosion and flood	prevention.	
Students will gain their own practical experien	ce and be a	able to work in p	practice.	•	
Course outcome: Students acquire practica	l knowled	ge in the field	of soil erosion and f	flood prevention.	
Connecting previously acquired theoretical kn	nowledge a	and skills with t	heir own practical expe	eriences acquired	
through practical work, for application in pract	tice in jobs	equivalent to m	aster's academic studies		
Course content: Active students' participati	on in all	phases of produ	uction practice, technic	cal-organizational	
practice, and work practice. Professional practi	ice is realiz	ed within the jo	int master's program.	-	
Literature:					
Number of teaching hours (per week)Theoretical classes:Practical classes: 10					
Teaching methods: Professional practice is pe	erformed a	s a block of teac	hing in the teaching bas	ses of the holding	
study program Universities (the University of	Belgrade,	Faculty of Fores	stry; the University of N	lovi Sad, Faculty	
of Agriculture; the University of Niš, Faculty	of Occupa	tional Safety), a	nd partner institutions (the University of	
Banja Luka, Faculty of Forestry, and the Unive	ersity of Sa	arajevo, Faculty	of Forestry) as well as i	n the laboratories	
of the faculty. Students keep a professional practice diary during their internship.					
Evaluation of knowledge (maximum score 100)					
Pre-exam obligations points Final exam points					
		defense of prof	fassional practice		
activity		defense of prof	lessional practice	40	
activity		diary		40	
activity professional practice diary	60	diary		40	





Study program: Soil erosion and torrential flood prevention				
Course title: DEVELOPMENT OF THE N	MASTER THES	SIS		
Teacher/teachers: teachers and associates	in the study pro	gram		
Course status: compulsory				
Number of ECTS credits: 12				
Requirement: Passed all exams given in t	he curriculum o	f master's acad	demic studies and appro	oved the topic
of the master's thesis by the Council of the	Department as j	provided by th	e Rulebook on the prep	aration of the
master's thesis.				
Course objective: Enabling students to p	resent adequate	ly relevant da	ata based on collected	literature and
performed research, as well as to explain the	e importance of	research cond	lucted through research	work.
Course outcome: By writing a master'	s thesis, the st	tudent indepe	ndently and creatively	applies the
theoretical and practical knowledge, acquir	ed during the st	udies, using sc	cientific and professiona	al literature.
Course content: Based on the research (c	lata collection),	the student p	repares a master's thesi	s in the form
containing the following chapters: Title	page, Contents,	Abstract and	keywords in Serbian	and English,
Introduction, Task and research content, D	escription of the	applied meth	odological procedure, I	Description of
the research object, Theoretical part an	d (or) Experin	nental part, F	Review of results and	discussions,
Conclusion, Summary in Serbian language	(up to 3 pages),	Literature rev	view and Appendices.	
Literature:				
Number of teaching hours (per week)	Theoretical cl	asses:	Practical classes:	
Teaching methods				
Consultations with the mentor and members of the Commission				
Evaluation of knowledge (maximum score 100)				
Pre-exam obligations points Final exam points points				
assessment of thesis structure	50	assessment of	of thesis writing	50
	50	technique		50

Project number: 598403-EPP-1-2018-1-RS-EPPKA2-CBHE-JP (2018 - 2579 / 001 - 001)

[&]quot;This project has been funded with support from the European Commission. This publication reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein"



Soil Erosion and TOrrential Flood Prevention: Curriculum Development at the Universities of Western Balkan Countries



Study program: Soil erosion and torrential flood prevention

Course title: MASTER'S THESIS

Teacher/teachers: teachers and associates in the study program

Course status: compulsory

Number of ECTS credits: 8

Requirement: Passed all exams given in the curriculum of master's academic studies. Procedure for applying for a topic and defense of a master's thesis is regulated by the internal Rulebook on the procedure for preparing and defending a master's thesis.

Course objective: The aim of the master's thesis is the final examination of students in the ability to address issues in the field of design, research, and analysis of a wide range of biological/ecological and hydrological systems, defense against natural disasters, socio-economic and organizational aspects of natural resources protection. The master's thesis is conceptualized as an independent research work of students in a specific area within the study program: protection of water resources in hilly and mountainous areas, degradation and protection of land resources, prevention of natural disasters in terms of biological, environmental, economic and social consequences, and sustainable development management of degraded areas.

Within the preparation of the master's thesis, the student's ability to reflect, notice, analyze and solve problems related to the broadest concept of sustainable management of soil and water resources, is monitored and evaluated.

Course outcome: By preparing a master's thesis, students acquire knowledge, as well as subject-specific qualifications that are in the function of quality research tasks, professional and scientific achievements in the field of erosion and flood prevention. Based on the defined goals, the expected outcomes are selection and application of solutions, based on scientific research approach and knowledge of natural, biological-ecological and technical sciences, in the field of erosion and flood prevention; description, formulation, analysis, planning, and problem-solving following ecological principles that connect society with the natural environment for mutual benefit; design of sustainable systems in the field of erosion and flood prevention.

Course content: The master's thesis is a research work in which student gets acquainted with the research methodology in the field of erosion and flood prevention. By preparing a master's thesis, the student has the task to synthesize the theoretical, research, and applied aspects of the chosen topic. Due to its complexity, the subject and content of the paper should correspond to the level and set goals of the master's thesis, and the topic should belong to erosion and flood prevention from the aspect of biological, ecological, economic, and social outcomes. After the research (data collection) the student prepares a master's thesis in the form containing the following chapters: Title page, Contents, Abstract and keywords in Serbian and English, Introduction, Task and research content, Description of the applied methodological procedure, Description of the research object, Theoretical part and (or) Experimental part, Presentation of results and discussions, Conclusion, Literature review, and Appendices.

The master's thesis should be integrated and realized within the appropriate scientific research and development projects..

Literature:

Number of teaching hours (per week)	Theoretical classes:	Practical classes:

Teaching methods:

The student conducts theoretical, practical, and scientific research under the guidance of a mentor. For the preparation of the master's thesis, the student applies appropriate methods (applied mathematical and statistical methods and models from the domains of ecology, biometrics, economics, norms, and standardization), depending on the chosen topic of the paper. The topic of the paper is determined in agreement with the course teachers and the student applies for it following the Statute and regulations of the University of Belgrade, Faculty of Forestry, as the coordinator of the joint study program. After the research, the student systematizes the results and makes a written paper. The defense of the master's thesis is open to the public. The master's thesis is defended orally with an appropriate presentation.

Evaluation of knowledge (maximum score 100)					
Pre-exam obligations	points	Final exam	points		
evaluation of the quality of the content of the		evaluation of the			
paper (evaluation of research and results,		defense and			
quality of the offered solution of the problem, conclusions, etc.)	60	presentation of the paper	30		
valuation of written paper (text quality, the value of appendices, etc.)	10				